The Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 2. VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1886. No. 208

A. GILMORE.

Special Notice--Great Clearing Sale

—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

PREVIOUS TO STOCK-TAKING.

For the next ten days we will sell Overcoats, Men's and Boys' Clothing at such a reduction in prices as cannot fail to attract attention.

If you want Cheap Clothing now is your opportunity for securing bargains for ten days only.

This is a genuine sale—at least 20 per ct. less than regular prices.

☞ *Come and see for yourself,*

A. GILMORE, Merchant Tailor and Clothier, Johnson Street.

The White House

Cameron, Young & Co.

Have just received, via the Northern Pacific Railway, direct from the Manufacturers, a full line of seasonable

WINTER DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

OTTOMAN AND MELTON ULSTER CLOTHS,

IN ALL THE NEW SHADES;

Silk Plushes, Silk Velvets, Sicilienne Damas, and all the Latest Novelties in Mantle Silks;

English Electric Macintosh Cloaks in great variety.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Silk Umbrellas in great variety.

Ladies' Merino, Cashmere and Lambswool Underwear, a full assortment.

HOSIERY, Finest Cashmere, all sizes; Boys' Jersey Suits, Navy and Heather; Newest Styles in Fancy Mixed Gold Braids, Buttons and Heathers; Kids, Kid Gloves and Cashmere Gloves, Blankets, Flannels and Railway Rugs, extra good value.

MILLINERY *A small but very choice selection of Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers and Flowers.*

ALSO—A full line of General Sorting-up Goods for our Dry Goods and General Stock, PRICES, AS USUAL, RIGHT.

Wanted.

Advertisements under this head three insertions 50 cents: six insertions, 75 cents.

WANTED—For a farm, man and wife. Man to be a good milker and butter maker; must be steady and sober people. Apply at the British Columbia Employment Bureau and Business Agency, Fort street, between Broad and Douglas streets. feb8 6t

WANTED.—Woman Cook, $30; 2nd Girl, $15; Woman for family, must be a good cook, $25; Chambermaid, $15; Girl to attend shop and work around house, $12; Good washers and sewers and other young girls. Apply to R. C. Employment Bureau and Business Agency, Fort street, between Broad and Douglas. Victoria. feb8 9t

WANTED.—A general Servant. Apply to Mrs. Dunn, Birdcage Walk. feb6 3t

WANTED.—A situation to do second work or take care of children. Address "S. L." this office. feb5 3t

WANTED.—Two or three experienced Tailoresses. Good wages paid to first class hands. Apply to "S. T." New Westminster. sep11 tf

For Sale.

FOR SALE—
HOTELS.
TEAMING BUSINESS, with contract.
LODGING HOUSE.
SALOONS.
FANCY GOODS AND DRESSMAKING.
LIVERY STABLE, half or whole.
Cigar, Confectionery, Fruit, etc.
House and Lot, most centre.
Furniture.
Half interest in mercantile business.
Bakery, Groceries, Provision business.
Dining Rooms.
Private Chop-House.
Carriage Painting business, half interest
Boot and Shoe Manufacturing.
80 acres Land, 8 miles out.
667 acres Land, 15 miles out.
134 acres Land, 15 miles out, some improved.
Half interest in lucrative business, &c., &c.

☞ If you want to buy or sell any one, call on us.

PICKERING & CO.,
Fort street, between Broad and Douglas sts.
feb8 12t

FOR SALE.—The International Hotel, Esquimalt, with Furniture belonging to the same, Bar Fixtures, Billiard Table, &c. A well 40 ft. deep with pump. Outhouses, &c. The Hotel has accommodation for 60 people. For further particulars apply to S. Jones, Dominion Hotel, Yates street. dec30tf

MUNICIPAL

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO

Wednesday next, the 10th inst.,

At 4 o'clock p.m., for the

Construction of Sidewalks in the City

during the current year.

Specification of the work can be seen daily at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JAMES D. ROBINSON,
C. M. C.

City Hall, 4th February, 1886. feb4

Notice.

NOTICE is given that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Provinced British Columbia during its session for an Act to incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing, operating and maintaining a Railway from the City of Victoria to some point on Shoal Harbor in the District of North Vancouver, Vancouver Island.

YATES & JAY,
Solicitors for Applicants.

Meetings to be Held.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR will hold their Regular Weekly Meeting at Harmony Hall every Saturday Evening. A full attendance is requested. dec24

ST ANDREWS and CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Fort Streets, on the FIRST FRIDAY of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
W. H. MASON, Secretary.
sep 1-1y

THE Y. W. C. T. U. OF VICTORIA MEETS every third Monday in each month at Temperance Hall, on Pandora st., at 7.30 p. m. A good programme and sociable time at every meeting. Strangers cordially invited. nov7

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT TEMPERANCE Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Rice Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 7.30 o'clock precisely. HENRY RUDGE, President.

To Let.

FOR RENT—HOUSE OF FIVE ROOMS, conveniently located, to rent for $16 per month, water included. The furniture of the same house for sale at $175.
Apply at Terminal Land Office, corner of Douglas and Yates streets. dec4 tf

Day & Boarding School,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Lady Principal - - Miss Dawson.
Vice-Principal - - Miss K. Dawson

The large and commodious premises lately occupied by Captain Pittendrigh having been secured for the above school, the Lady Principal is prepared to receive applications for the admission of Boarders.

Boys or Girls will be admitted into the Boarding-house whose parents may wish to send them as Day Pupils, either to the Public or High Schools of New Westminster.

All the boarders will have the benefit of the assistance of the Principal and Vice-Principal in the preparation of their lessons.

For terms and other particulars apply to
THE LADY PRINCIPAL,
jan25 d&w 1m New Westminster, B.C.

Estate of J. R. Phillips,

DECEASED.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Saturday, the 13th inst., for the purchase of the unexpired term of the Lease, Goodwill, Furniture and Stock-in-Trade of the

ROYAL HOTEL,

Corner of Fort and Douglas streets, Victoria, together with the Book Debts of the late proprietor.

Terms cash. Assignment at buyers' expense.

JAMES CHARLES PREVOST,
Administrator.

Or to his Solicitor, Charles Wilson, Broughton street. feb4 td

BROWN & CO.,

Yarmouth Fish Curing and Smoking Establishment,

Green Street, - - - Victoria North.

ESTABLISHED THREE YEARS.

ARE now prepared to supply shippers and the trade with Bloaters and Smoked Herring at 5 cents per lb., 125 lb. boxes delivered to Sandford's wharf at 60 cents per box.

Orders left at Messrs. Bossi & Geisleman's, corner Yates and Broad streets, will be promptly filled and quality guaranteed. jan9

ANOTHER 'BUS!

THE VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., on and after Monday, the 1st February, will place another 'bus

On Fort and Douglas Streets

To run between the hours of 11.20 a.m. and 1.0 p.m., thus increasing the trips to half hourly during the afternoon, and giving an early night service. ja 23 tf

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Fourth Session—Fourth Parliament.

SEVENTH DAY (CONTINUED).

MONDAY, Feb. 8.

POLLING PLACES.

Mr. Semlin moved, seconded by Mr. Galbraith, that a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, praying that additional polling places may be established in the electoral district of Yale, at the following places, viz., at a point convenient to the new mines on Granite creek; one at Coultie's in the Nicola country; and one at Ashcroft, on Thompson river. Carried.

Hon. Mr. Robson said it was the government's intention to establish polling places at:

New Westminster District—Sapperton, Moodyville, Burton's Prairie, Surrey, Port Moody, Lehman's Lading, Clover Valley and Alder Grove.

Yale—Ashcroft, Priest's Valley, Coutlie's Lower Nicola, Granite City.

Kootenay—Farwell, Windermere, Kootenay.

Cariboo—Chilcotin.

Cassiar—Port Simpson, Port Essington, Naas river.

The motion was carried.

THE LATE SUPERINTENDENT.

Mr. Semlin moved, seconded by Mr. Grant, that a select committee be appointed, composed of Messrs. Grant, Dunsmuir, Dingwall, Orr, and the mover, with power to send for persons and papers and to report to this House, to enquire into the claims of C. C. McKenzie, Esq., late Superintendent of Education.

Mr. Orr asked that some other name be substituted for his.

Hon. Mr. Smithe said the hon. gentleman last session had got a committee and had refused to prosecute the inquiry. There was no objection to a committee, although the gentleman referred had not the shadow of a claim against the government. That gentleman had taken occasion to insult him (Mr. Smithe) in a most outrageous manner and without the slight provocation. He would offer no objection to the committee but thought it should be appointed in the usual way. He nominated Messrs. Pooley, Wilson and Allen.

A long discussion ensued participated in by both sides, as to the formation of the committee. The motion as amended was carried; the committee being Messrs. Pooley, Wilson, Allen, Grant and Semlin.

THE CLINTON SCHOOL.

Mr. Allen moved, seconded by Mr. Dingwall: That an order of this House be granted for a return of the names of the trustees of the Clinton school; the date of their election; the name of the returning officer; the number of votes cast at such election, and subsequent elections, if any. He said he brought this motion because there was not a duly qualified trustee for the Clinton school, and there had not been an election for five years. Carried.

NEW POLLING PLACES.

Mr. John moved, seconded by Mr. McTavish: That a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieut.-Governor, praying that an additional polling place be established in the Electoral District of Victoria, viz., at Craigflower school-house. Carried.

Mr. McLeese moved, seconded by Mr. Cowan: That a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieut.-Governor, praying that a polling place be established in the Electoral District of Cariboo, convenient to the Quesnelle Quartz Mining Works on Hixon Creek. Carried.

A PARCEL POST.

Mr. Drake moved, seconded by Mr. Raybould: "That a memorial be transmitted to the Dominion government, praying for the establishment of a parcel post." He said that the parcel post was a universal thing, and prevailed all over the world, except in British Columbia.

Hon. Mr. Smithe would ask the hon. gentleman if he was sure that we had not a parcel post already.

Mr. Drake—No, we have not.

Mr. Galbraith said we ought to be sure before the motion was passed. It was his opinion that we already had a parcel post.

Mr. McLeese suggested that the resolution should be amended. There was a parcel post already. Parcels coming through the U. S. were limited to 2 lbs.; to other portions of the Dominion 4 lbs. He thought if it was amended to ask for the substitution of a parcel post with England it would meet the requirements of the case.

Mr. Drake agreed to amend by adding the words "Great Britain."

Hon. Mr. Beaven thought the mover should include a limit parcels not to exceed 2 lbs. 3 ozs. in weight. He moved, seconded by Mr. Grant, to that effect.

Hon. Mr. Robson thought the amendment should not be carried. It was not right that the people of B. C. should not enjoy all the advantages of the postal system, the same as the other portions of the Dominion.

On the motion being put the amendment was lost. The original motion was agreed to.

Mr. Beaven moved, seconded by Mr. Semlin, that a Select Committee be appointed to enquire into all matters relating to lands, with power to call for persons, books and papers and to report to this House; the said committee to consist of Messrs. Semlin, Orr, McLeese, Raybould, Beaven.

Referring at length to the land policy of the government he said it was necessary that an investigation should be held into the practice of selling large tracts of timber lands on the mainland at $2 50 per acre to parties living outside of the Province. The disposal of the lands at Coal Harbor and at Farwell were also matters that required looking into by this House. He suggested that there should be a standing committee on lands, the same as on accounts.

Hon. Mr. Smithe did not object to the appointment of the committee, but proposed to move that the committee should be balloted for.

Mr. Raybould said if the committee would have the effect of settling the grievances of the settlers on the Island Railway, he would be in favor of the motion. It was the duty of the House to provide that the interests and rights of the settlers should be protected.

Mr. Dunsmuir said the settlers had no right to complain; their grievances were entirely imaginary. They had been dealt with as liberally by the Company he represents as they ever had been by any government. In regard to timber lands so soon as a settler fulfilled the required conditions he got his land, timber and all.

(Continued on 4th page.)

SEATTLE'S RIOTS.

196 Chinese Driven on Board the Queen of the Pacific on Sunday by the Knights of Labor.

Many More Chinese are Willing to Leave for the Flowery Kingdom by the Next Steamer.

As announced last evening, serious trouble has broken out at Seattle between the whites and Chinese. The telegrams of this morning are as follows:

SEATTLE, Feb. 8.—One scene of the excitement has followed upon another through the day until the citizens scarcely know which way to turn. At 3 this morning two companies of militia marched down from the rendezvous at the court house to the ocean dock where the steamer Queen of the Pacific was lying and where several hundred Chinese were huddled together under the guard of the

ANTI-CHINESE COMMITTEE.

The guards were quickly made prisoners and the militia threw out lines of sentries guarding all approaches to the deck. Warrants had previously been issued for the arrest of leading agitators, and before daybreak the work of arresting them began, files of armed men taking them from their homes to jail. All these, however, were bailed almost as soon as arrested. Captain Alexander of the steamer Queen of the Pacific, having previously reported to the court in answer to a writ of *habeas corpus* that he was unable to produce the Chinamen on his vessel, being restrained by force, Judge Green issued an order to the sheriff to bring them into court at all hazards. The sheriff accordingly went to the steamer, accompanied by about three hundred militia and deputies armed with rifles. The Chinamen were taken from the vessel and marched to the courthouse, no resistance being met with on the way. There they were informed that the court would give them the fullest protection in its power, but were warned that the present trouble would be liable to recur at any moment. Each Chinaman was asked whether, under the circumstances, he desired

TO GO OR STAY.

The vast majority preferred to go, and were escorted back to the steamer, passage being paid by the city and by subscription. Others were taken to places of safety. Up to this time there had been no bloodshed, although the streets were crowded with excited men, and the militia often moved from place to place with difficulty. The real trouble commenced at noon, when the Queen sailed, after having been detained twenty-four hours. She took out 195 Chinamen, and about a hundred more, whom the steamer was unable to take, were left over until the sailing of the next steamer. About fifty home guards undertook to escort these from the dock. As they reached the intersection of Commercial and Main streets the vast crowd surged forward and attempted to seize the Chinamen. The guards resisted and the crowd attempted to take the guns from them. An order to fire was given and

A VOLLEY DISCHARGED

into the crowd. Five men fell under the fire. The crowd recoiled and both companies of militia came up on the double quick, and the troops and home guards formed a hollow square, facing up and down Main and Commercial streets. In this position they held the crowd at bay fully an hour, when it began to disperse. The troops then escorted the Chinamen to their houses and repaired to their armories. The injured are George Smith, aged 30, shot through the right arm; Bernard Mulrein, 25, shot in the left lung, probably fatal; Chas. Stewart, 30, shot through the body, right arm and head, will die; Christian Schrieber, 30, shot in the left shoulder; James Murphy, special policeman, 35, shot through the fore arm. At 3:30 Governor Squire issued a proclamation declaring

THE CITY UNDER MARTIAL LAW

and assuming military command. All judicial processes have been suspended, and persons found on the street after 7 p. m. are at once put under arrest. Every precaution has been made to defend the court house in case of attack and the military authorities are beginning to feel able to cope with the mob. A call has been issued in the name of the territory for volunteers and many citizens are enrolling themselves. The mob is very bitter against the home guard, who fired upon the people and threats of vengeance are heard on every side. Appeals of the most urgent nature have been sent for U. S. troops and they are now en route for the city.

At midnight everything is quiet. Gov. Squire has just telegraphed the President that extraordinary measures have had the desired effect, and that the citizen soldiery have thus far been able to repress violence. He, however, reiterates the demand for troops, as the militia is utterly worn out.

The arrangements to remove the Chinese began at daylight on Sunday morning, a number of committees of five or six men each proceeded to the Chinese quarters throughout the city, and notified the Chinese to pack up, as they were to be sent away on the Queen of the Pacific at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. Smaller committees were left in each house to assist in packing up, and to see that they got themselves in readiness to go. As soon as one house was gutted and its occupants and luggage placed on a wagon, the committee would pass on to another house, where the operation was repeated. The work was carried on so quietly that very few citizens knew anything of what was going on until half past 10 o'clock, when the bell in No. 1 engine house was rung for a short time. After this the University bell and various church bells were rung. By this time the streets were crowded with men, and the city was in the hands of those who were engaged in or believed in removing the Chinese by force.

The Governor of the Territory being in the city issued a proclamation insisting upon maintaining order.

The price arranged for to carry the Chinese from Seattle to San Francisco, he heard, was $7. Tickets for 89 were purchased; but 215 still remained on shore in the warehouse whither they had been driven. Captain Alexander was requested to hold the ship for a time to see if some arrangements could not be made to raise the necessary money—some $1500—which would be sufficient to buy tickets for the remaining Chinamen. This sum was raised and the Queen cast off her lines and sailed.

HAND-TO-HAND CONFLICT.

After the Queen had departed Sheriff McGraw and his deputies escorted the remaining Chinese back to their quarters. They were harrassed and shouted at by hoodlums, until they reached the corner of Commercial and Main streets, when the crowd closed in on the guard. Being officers of the law they endeavored to arrest the most loud mouthed and violent of their assailants, who instead of submitting, rebelled, and attempted to take the guns from the officers. A hand-to-hand conflict ensued and the officers tried clubbing their assailants with their guns, but that did not seem to accomplish the desired effect, but simply served to make their assailants more fierce and aggressive in their action. Excitement ran high, and during the melee several shots were fired, and five men wounded, some slightly and others seriously. As soon as the guards were stopped and set upon by the crowd, the Chinamen, with one accord, went their packs to the ground and dropped down on their bellies behind them, and remained there till assistance arrived.

THE SEATTLE RIFLES

were still on the wharf, forming into line, and at the sound of the shooting hastened to the scene in double quick time, and in fine style. The crowd had fallen back and the streets were swept by the rifles of the military and the deputy sheriffs. The crowd commenced to gather again after the wounded had been removed and in a few minutes there were thousands of men in the streets on either side of the authorities. Sheriff McGraw got up and in a pleasant but forcible manner commanded the crowd to disperse. About this time Company D, which had been stationed at the Courthouse, came flying down the street under command of Captain Haines, who addressed the mob stating that as the Queen had taken away 195, all she could carry, those remaining wanted to go, but would have to remain till next steamer. He advised them to disperse and go home. Then they shouted "Burke! Burke!"

ARRESTS MADE.

The following are under arrest: M. McMillan, C. H. Metcalfe, John Winscott, P. Wickstone, John Keane, Junius Rochester, L. R. Kidd and H. M. Hill.

LATEST FROM SEATTLE.

UNDER MARTIAL LAW.

Latest From Seattle—Armed Guards Posted Throughout the City—No Arrests Yet.

SEATTLE, Feb. 9—10 a. m.—The city is still under martial law. The night passed quietly; everything quiet this morning. Armed guards are posted at all corners of business portions of the city. Nothing definite is known as to what is to follow. No arrests can be made by the civil authorities, as the issuance of writs of *habeas corpus* is suspended.

SEATTLE, Feb. 9—1 p. m.—So far as can be seen the situation here is unchanged. Guards patrolled the streets all night and kept the town perfectly quiet. Martial law is strictly enforced and all persons on the streets challenged and closely questioned. The Militia and Home Guards are still on duty, but utterly exhausted after 48 hours continuous duty. Earnest appeals for help have been sent to Washington, but it is not yet known whether Federal troops will be sent here. There is an urgent necessity for them to relieve citizen soldiery, who cannot stand the strain much longer. The city is full of strangers, but if they have any plan for resisting the law it has not been developed as yet. On the surface everything is peaceful, but the air is full of alarming rumors and the people are greatly agitated.

VERY LATEST.

SEATTLE, Feb. 9, 3:10 p. m.—There is no change in the situation. Peace and quietness prevails and a general disposition to restore order is manifested on all sides.

DEATH OF GEN. HANCOCK.

Another Illustrious Man Joins the Great Majority.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—General Hancock died at 2:58 p. m.

WINFIELD SCOTT HANCOCK was born in Montgomery Co., Pa., in 1824; graduated at the U. S. Military Academy. Served as Lieutenant in the Mexican war (Mexico vs. U. S., 1846-7). Was afterwards employed for several years in Missouri. Obtained the rank of Captain in 1855. Brig. Gen. of Vols. U. S. A., in 1861. Served with distinction in the army of the Potomac, 1862; succeeded Gen. Richardson (killed in action) at Antietam; fought at Fredericksburg; commanded an army at Gettysburgh in 1863, where he was badly wounded. In 1864 he commanded the 2nd Army Corps under Grant; captured 2000 prisoners and twenty pieces of cannon at the affair at Spottsylvania Courthouse in 1864; was made Brigadier General in the regular army same year, and made Commander of the 5th Military District (Louisiana and Texas) 1867. He started at the National Democratic Convention, of July 1868, 144½ votes as candidate for Presidency. At the time of his death he was Major General of the regular army, ranking next to Sheridan. Had twice received the thanks of Congress. A man of remarkably fine personal appearance—tall and dignified—and of pure life and universally esteemed.

THE Canadian Pacific Railway Company's earnings for the week ending January 31st, were $101,000; same week last year $80,000; miles in operation, 3527.

The case of Cass Pew vs. Schultz, well known to our Northwest readers in which the plaintiff sued to recover $70,000 alleged to have been lost by Senator Sabin in New York by plaintiff, was to have been dismissed by Judge Hale, the judge ruling that the plaintiff had failed to make out a case.

LONDON SOCIALSIM.

A London Mob on the Rampage. Virtually takes Possession of the City on Sunday Night.

Shops Broken Into—Windows are Broken—Carriages Stopped—Acts of Personal Violence.

LONDON, Feb. 9, 2 p. m.—Fears are entertained that the riots of yesterday will be renewed to-day. This is what could be naturally expected when the immunity enjoyed by the mob in its work of destruction yesterday is considered. The police showed they were entirely powerless to cope with such a force as that with which they were confronted. In anticipation of another demonstration to-day small crowds of roughs have been pouring into the Trafalgar Square from different points of the city, and at this hour the crowd assembled there numbers fully 3,000. None of the leaders, however, of yesterday's disturbance have made their appearance as yet, and whether any programme has been determined on for another outbreak is not known. The West End to-day wears a holiday appearance and a general feeling of alarm and insecurity is felt among the residents of that quarter. Most of the shops are closed and tradesmen are indignant at the lack of protection afforded them by the authorities and at the impotency of the police. No instructions have been given to the police as to what cause to pursue in the event of further outrages by the mob and shop keepers feel that they are entirely unguarded against pillage and destruction to their property. Though it is well known who the leaders of the mob are, no arrests of any one connected therewith have been made. Tradesmen propose to send a petition to the Home Offices demanding that they be afforded protection from depredations of the mob.

Hyndham, president of the democratic federation disclaims any responsibility for the action of the mob yesterday. He predicts that trouble of very serious proportions will ensue if distress existing among working people is not soon relieved. "Men will not starve forever" he says, and "the authorities refuse to help them then they must not be surprised if force is resorted to to procure bread. Roughs are taking advantage of the fog to assemble in various parts of West End. They are bold and impudent; one gang attempted to stop a carriage of members of nobility who were on their way to St. James Palace to attend the levee given by the Prince of Wales. A force of police was at hand, however, who drove back the crowd and dispersed them. Alarm is spreading through all parts of the city.

A SOCIALIST EXPLAINS.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—Sparling, a Socialist leader, in an interview in relation to the part taken by Socialists in the demonstration yesterday, said, that while he did not approve of rioting, still he could not but rejoice at the event, which went to show that society was insecure. In regard to stone throwing at Carlton Club, Sparling said the members of that body had brought the attack upon themselves by appearing at the windows and laughing and jeering at the mob. In explanation of the rough treatment to which a lady had been subjected by the rioters, he said her carriage had been stopped because the lady was heard to order her coachman to drive over those dogs. The mob, Sparling said, selected and attacked shops which exhibited the royal arms.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The starving mechanics of London to-day held a mass meeting in Trafalgar square under the Nelson monument, and it resulted in a riot. The proceedings were opened with an assemblage of 10,000 people. The police were present in large numbers. They at once saw that the socialist element of London greatly predominated in the crowd, which was also managed by a well-known socialist. Conspicuous among the leaders of the multitude was Burns, who ran as socialist candidate in Nottingham in the recent election. He sneered at the police, and acted generally as if he wished to bring about a conflict between the police and the people. Finally, he ascended the pedestal of the Nelson column for the purpose of delivering a harangue. He was well aware this act would not be tolerated, and the police politely ordered him to get down. This he refused to do.

He was finally removed by the officers from the pedestal, but returned, carrying a red flag, which he waived as a signal to the vast assemblage that he had triumphed over the authorities. He was greeted with great cheers. He then read a resolution stating the distress in England and demanded that parliament start public works to give employment and bread to tens of thousands of deserving men who were out of work through no fault of their own, but because of bad government, and declared it was the duty of the government to afford every facility for the employment of British capital at home for the profit of the British people, and to give British interests the advantage over foreign.

Copies of the resolutions passed were forwarded to Gladstone, Salisbury and Parnell and the Board of Works. The ending of the resolution was accompanied by fierce comment and short explanatory speeches by the various orators, who stood with Burns. Some of these orators went so far as to warn the government that although the starving mechanics of London were now attempting to draw attention to their needs by quiet and peaceful agitation they were bound to get it by attacking bakers' shops next if the government did not come to their relief.

The address of Burns throughout was of such an inflammatory nature that the authorities again reformed and forced their way to the pedestal. The officers at once ordered the proceedings to be discontinued on the pedestal, and commanded Burns and his colleagues to come down. This they refused to do, and the officers thereupon dragged them down by force. The orators, it was evident expected the application of violence in the attack, but the men comprising the mob were in a fighting humor and the mob contented itself for a time by hooting the police and smothering them with flour, dirt and garbage. The officers behave admirably under this abuse and showed no resentment.

After their ejection neither Burns nor any of his colleagues made any further attempts to get back. They at once left the street, and proceeding to the wall of the National Gallery they mounted the wall and pointed to the doors and windows and bitterly denounced the inmates. This looked like an attempt to set the mob on the building. The mob was excited, but not up to a point of violence. Burns and his colleagues seeing this, vacated the Reform club steps and proceeded to the Carlton club steps, where they repeated their tactics. By this time the mob was tremendous in numbers and verging to desperation.

The stories of what the police had said and done at the Nelson column were circulated from mouth to mouth and exaggerated with every repetition until the starving mechanics were convinced that the authorities had actually dared them to conflict. Such a fire as was ready for ignition, and within touching distance was inflamed by the speeches delivered on the Carlton club steps. The mob was split up into divisions by being forced down different streets by the police from Trafalgar square to get near the occupants at the club houses, and the various divisions started off, hooting and howling, and challenged the authorities. The invaded streets were at once abandoned to the rioters, who, finding themselves no longer opposed, vented their ill will against well-honored people and against the clubs by storming the dwellings and club houses along the way. All that part of the city in the neighborhood of the National gallery, Carlton club and Reform club are in possession of the mob.

At 7 p. m. the mob started on a march through James street, Piccadilly, on the way to Hyde Park, filling up Cockspur street, Pall Mall and Regent street, passing around Regents circus to Oxford circus. They were a solid mass nearly a mile long. They avoided Park Lene through fear of the military.

An attempt was made to enter the War Office opposite St. James square, but the mob were driven away. Arnold Morley's residence is in the Piccadilly portion of this route. The house formerly occupied by John Bright. When the rioters approached the house Morley was in. He loudly called for help, and a number of policemen for the moment stood in the way of the mob, but finally were swept aside like chaff, and a host of desperate men rushed up Morley's steps. When the invaders went away they left scarcely a sound pane of glass in the building. A very great number of other private houses along the mob's route fared much worse than did John Bright's old home, or the Devonshire club's house, which had been previously attacked in St. James street. The attack upon this building took place at the very beginning of the riot and was very savage. Hatchet's hotel is a large and well known hostelry. It was 67 and 68 Piccadilly, and when the mob passed this locality many of the rank and file of the hungry made a rush for the hotel. They had it in their possession in a moment and sacked it of food and drink and left the building badly wrecked. As the men were leaving the hotel they saw a carriage which had been pressed up against the curb by the passing procession and was abandoned by its frightened occupants. It was seized and in an instant broken up, and the wheels, spokes, and shafts and other good pieces carried away for clubs. The Turf club's house being in Piccadilly presented a temptation to the rioters as they went by, and they smashed all its front doors and windows with stones. All along Regent and Oxford streets between Piccadilly and Hyde Park the houses were attacked indiscriminately and their windows smashed.

After Burns had been driven away from the Nelson monument by the police and had spoken from the national gallery wall and Carleton club steps, a savage fight occurred between his adherents—socialists and anti-socialists. The battle raged for some time, but the socialists proved victorious and lifted Burns to their shoulders and bore him aloft to Regent street, where with him they succeeded in bending the crowd toward Hyde Park, Burns leading. On arriving at the Park, Burns delivered an even more violent speech than at Nelson's monument. He was followed by several other speakers, all of whom did all in their power to stir up strife. When the speaking was over the mob broke up into sections; the main body went back east along Oxford street and again affrighted residents along the thoroughfare, not yet recovered from the panic, and the mob had the street to themselves. They smashed every sound window they noticed, and wine shops were broken in and their contents distributed to whoever wished drink. Beer saloons were treated similarly; tailor shops were broken into and clothes and rolls of cloth thrown out into the street, to be taken by those strongest in the fights which resulted. Every person met who looked like foreigners were stoned or beaten from the street.

In one of these rushes the mob overthrew two heavy granite quarters. These fell across Charing Cross and block'd traffic to and from Charing Cross railway station. Sometime after dark the mob gradually left Trafalgar square and went away.

At midnight the police reports concurred in stating never before in the present generation has such a disturbance occurred in London. Had the police been strong enough to attack the mob at any point there might have been terrible records to make. The mob was essentially English, and it made a frightful demonstration. It was not resisted and went to bed at the usual time. According to later estimates of the 15,000 people who were engaged at the Trafalgar square demonstration, two-thirds were unemployed workmen, the balance socialists. Workingmen took no part in the riotous acts that followed the meeting at Trafalgar square. Jewelry shops were broken into and goods carried off by the mob. Carriages containing ladies were stopped on the streets, the occupants forced to alight. Some rioters entered the vehicles and drove at the head of the crowd. The mob swept through shouting "smash windows, let's get inside shops."

Lord Randolph Churchill appeared at the window of the Carlton club building when the mob reached there. He was loudly hooted and menaced with clenched fists by the rioters. The most violent acts were committed on North and South Audley streets and Oxford street. Probably 200 shops and club houses are seriously damaged, and about 50 shops pillaged, including jewelers, tailors and butchers' and wine shops. The military were kept under arms all the evening while policemen patrolled the streets.

THROUGH A BRIDGE.

YALE, Feb. 8.—The wrecking train consisting of an engine and two cars, returning from Lytton this evening, went through a bridge near No. 7 tunnel, west of North Bend. It is supposed the foundation of the bridge had been loosened by the late heavy snows. The engine driver, Jas. Tyler, was seriously hurt.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Tuesday, Feb. 9, 1886.

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J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

IT is stated that the vacant Registrarship of Ottawa had been given to JOHN WALLER, son of the late occupant of the office.

IN the Edinburgh election Mr. Hugh C. Childers, Liberal, received 4,029 votes, and Mr. Polwarth, Conservative, 1,730.

JUST as Lord SALISBURY was reaching for the jam on the top shelf the chair turned over. That thing has happened before to-day.

THE Wickersham tragedy will prove a more effective argument for the dismissal of Chinese servants in California, than all the appeals that voice or pen could utter.

THE sum of $2,022,930 is on deposit in the government savings' banks in Prince Edward Island. Of this $1,642,240 is in the Charlottetown office, an increase of some $200,000 over 1884.

THE defeat of the Scott Act in Pontiac has stimulated the movement, already started, to secure the repeal of the Act in Renfrew, Carleton, Lanark and other counties in this district.

IT is authentically stated that if Congress and the country will give $999,999 toward a monument for GENERAL GRANT New York will not only be proud to furnish a site for the pile but will see that the sum is increased to a round million. The offer is a standing one, so there need be no unseemly haste in the matter.

THE French Minister of Agriculture is about to establish several experimental farms in various parts of the country, in order to show the peasant farmer what can be done in his own locality. The yield of cereals in France is little more than one-third per head of the agricultural population of what it is in England.

Mr. Patrick Purcell, of the firm of Messrs. Purcell & Ryan, railway contractors, has been unanimously chosen by the Reformers of Glengarry as their candidate for the House of Commons at the next general election. Mr. Purcell is popular and intends going to work at once to redeem the constituency.

THE annual emigration returns for the United Kingdom show that during 1885 264,986 persons left British and Irish ports for places out of Europe, a decrease of 38,915 compared with the previous year. Five-sixths of the Irish emigrants proceeded to United States, as did nearly two-thirds of those of Scotch nationality, while England contributed under 74,000 out of a total of nearly 127,000.

IT turns out that Lord CARNARVON, who recently resigned the Viceroyalty of Ireland, was but a mere stopgap. He has just published a letter to prove that he only consented to take the office last summer on condition that he would be relieved of it immediately after the recent general election. In other words, SALISBURY appointed CARNARVON for effect, keeping it dark, even from the rank and file of his party, that CARNARVON only went to Ireland for a month or two.

THE German census, just taken shows that the empire contains 45 towns of over 50,000 inhabitants, 21 of which have more than 100,000. Dusseldorf, Berlin, Magdeburg, Chemnitz, Nurnburg, Hamburg, and Leipsic show an increase during the five years of over 14 per cent., Kiel, Dortmund, Manheim, and Carlsruhe over 15 per cent. In Dantzic the population has increased only 5 per cent., while in Memel there has been a decrease of nearly 4½ per cent.

IN England the legal definition of beer extends to "any liquor which is made or sold as a description of beer or as a substitute for beer, and which on analysis of a sample thereof, shall be found to contain more than two per cent. of proof spirits." Hence, an interesting commotion among a number of would be temperance people, who suddenly found out that the "Blue Ribbon Beer" contained considerably over two per cent of absolute alcohol.

SIR GEORGE STEPHEN, Bart., is not the kind of man from whom we would expect epigrammatic utterances, but his declaration that that the true termini of the C. P. R. are Hongkong and Liverpool will live in Canadian history as an epigram. It is the condensed statement of a great fact. Humanly speaking, it is probable that the new baronet will live to see those termini connected by a through line of steamships at either end and rails in the middle. The energy which laid the rails can secure the ships.

AT LAST HEARD FROM.

Being unable to withstand public opinion any longer, and having enlisted an outsider to aid it in further mystifying the public accounts, the *Colonist* this morning, ventures its opinion as to the actual position of the finances of the province. The writer labors hard to convince the public that the province is in a much better condition, financially, to-day than it was under the WALKEM-BEAVEN regime. If the contributor had been actuated by a spirit of fairness, or a desire to enlighten the people, he would have gone further back and taken up the question from the ELLIOTT-SMITHE regime, whose administration of the province's financial affairs was so scandalous that an investigating committee found it necessary to place the following on the records of the Assembly:

The Committee, of which Mr. William Wilson, then one of the representatives of Victoria, was Chairman, on the 18th of April, 1879, in concluding their report to the House, stated that. *"The Committee are of opinion that in the interest of the public service it is desirable that the responsible position of Finance Minister should at all times be held by a gentleman possessed of a knowledge of accounts."*

It would be interesting to learn the real facts which induced Mr. WILSON to submit such a scathing rebuke to the then provincial treasurer, HON. WM. SMITHE. It is a matter worthy of note, however, that the *Colonist* has not yet dared to publish the working account of the province for the year ending 30th June, 1885, which reveals the grossest incapacity on the part of the government to manage the affairs of the province. It is well known that had the government not succeeded in voting down Mr. BEAVEN's motion for a detailed statement of the accounts down to the 31st of last December, startling revelations would have been laid before the electors. THE TIMES has in no way endeavored to make the figures lie—that being the duty of the *Colonist* and its protege, to it and to them we leave that species of warfare, well knowing that they are adepts thereat. The figures published in these columns were those certified to by the officials who are paid for testing their accuracy. In a spirit of fairness we published a statement of assets and liabilities (which the *Colonist* transferred from our columns to its own) as well as the receipts and expenditure for the year. This the *Colonist* has failed to do. The subject matter now under discussion is not the system by which Hon. Messrs. WALKEM and BEAVEN managed the affairs of the province. The SMITHE-ROBSON party, when in opposition, promised much like a pedlar tinker they promised more than it was possible for them to perform. If Mr. BEAVEN had any shortcomings he erred on the side of economy; for honesty and straightforwardness characterized his every act. Not so, however, with the present incumbents. Reckless extravagance in expending money where it was not necessary; lavishing thousands of dollars in subsidizing a venal press; ministers fleecing the provincial treasury of sums of money to defray their expenses, when ostensibly traveling in the interest of the province—but actually engaged in a canvassing tour; a disposition to stifle discussion on the floor of the Assembly and keep in the back ground information which the electors demand, form an indictment against the SMITHE-ROBSON Government that never could be charged Mr. BEAVEN. Those who believed him to be guilty of shortcomings punished him by voting him out of office—a process the electors are eagerly awaiting to enforce on this government and many of its supporters, at the earliest opportunity.

In its comparisons of balance sheets since 1881 again we find the *Colonist* deviating from the figures as published and submitted to the Assembly. For the years ending with the following periods we find the assets and liabilities to be:

Year.	Liabilities over assets.
1881	$108,[illegible]
1882	1[illegible]
1883	259,[illegible]
	Assets over liabilities.
1884	$1,9[illegible]
1885	49,763.76

It will be observed that notwithstanding the fact that the Province, during the financial year of 1884, received a refund of $384,512.66 from the Federal government, the surplus of assets over liabilities for that year was but $1,996.95! For the year ending 30th June, 1885, there is an apparent asset over liabilities of $49,763.76. But against these figures has to be placed the deficit of $53,227.66 on last year's working account which wipes out the surplus in assets and leaves and unprovided for debt of $3,463.90. In the face of these facts the government and its organ has the effrontery to claim that the province is $243,321.74 better off now than it was in January, 1883. If the dry dock refund had not been paid will the writer in the *Colonist* kindly inform the electors in what position would the province now stand?

The following table of receipts and expenditure for the several years since 1872—the first year of Confederation—for the province will be of interest. It has been compiled from the government returns and its reliability is therefore supposed to be correct.

	Receipts.	Expenditure.	Surplus.	Deficits.
Year ending Dec. 31, 1872	$[illegible]	$[illegible]	$[illegible]	$[illegible]
1873	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1874	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1875	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1876	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1877	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1878	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1879	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1880	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1881	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1882	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1883	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1884	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1885	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
June 30th, 1885	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dec. 31, 1885	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Six months ending June 30, 1886	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Net Deficit up to June 30th, 1886				$4,[illegible]

The session is yet young. It may be possible ere the House is dissolved that more light will be thrown upon our financial position. Under all circumstances it will be the duty of the opposition to press for the fullest information to be laid before the country. In order to be able to arrive at a full and perfect understanding of the several subjects that will necessarily arise for discussion such a course is absolutely imperative. The electors will do well to mark those who decline that such information should be placed in their hands.

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HAS been thoroughly refitted, and will be found equal to any in the town for comfortable accommodations, at the following rates: Board, per week, $4.50; Board and Lodging, per week, $5 and $6; Meals, 25c., Beds, 25c and 50c. Baggage taken to the hotel free of charge.

JOSEPH MILLER,
aug12 tf Proprietor.

SUNNYSIDE HOTEL,

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FIRST-CLASS in every particular. Rates, $1, $1.50 and $2 per day, according to accommodation. Special rate by the week or month. The largest and most commodious hotel on Burrard Inlet. Fittings and furnishings throughout new. A large number of guests can be accommodated.

oct5 H. HEMLOW, Proprietor.

The Gordon Hotel,

Johnson St., between Store & Wharf

WHERE "OLD BOB" will be found at his post to wait on selling BAR WHISKEY, but good Cigars.

The undersigned cordially invites old and new friends to give him a call.

ROBERT McDERMOTT.
Victoria, January 8th, 1886. jan8

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

Southeast Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.
VICTORIA, B. C.

Board and Lodging, per week ..... $5.50 and $6.
Board, per week $4.50
Beds, per night ..... 25 cts

No Chinese Employed.

The bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

sep16 JOHN BERRYMAN, Propr.

California Hotel,

Cor. Washington and Adams sts.,
Port Townsend, Washington Ter.

BOARD—Per Week, with Lodging, $5. Single Meals, 25 cents.

Best of accommodations and everything in first class style. Billiard and Pool Table.

je9 1y (CAPT. C. GILBERT, Proprietor.

WINNIPEG HOTEL,

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THIS new and elegant Hotel is now open. The choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always on hand. The table supplied with the best in the market.

☞ Charges moderate.

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Board and Lodging moderate. Billiard Room attached.

☞ No Chinamen employed.

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HASTINGS,

The oldest established and

LEADING

PHOTOGRAPHER,

FORT STREET.

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(Opposite the City Hall.)

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A. & W. WILSON,

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Dealers in Best Descriptions

Heating and Cooking Stoves,

Ranges, Etc.

FIRST STREET VICTORIA, B. C.
TELEPHONE CALL 125.

The Daily Times.

Victoria, Tuesday, Feb. 9, 1886.

A PARIS MYSTERY

By the Author of "My Ducats and My Daughter."

CHAPTER II.—(Concluded.)

I sent out for breakfast—two rolls of bread and a half-bottle of Macon—and remained all the afternoon beside Raoul, watching. About 4 o'clock he began to stir uneasily, then opened his eyes and, seeing me seated by his bedside, stretched out his hand and smiled. I felt inexpressibly relieved.

"What is wrong with you, my dear Raoul?" I said; "are you unwell?"

"No, No! Only I have had a bad dream—the worst dream I ever had!" He passed his hand over his eyes. "But I am awake now, thank God! Have I slept long, Paul?"

"An eternity! I thought you would never waken! Do you know, Raoul, you have finished the morphia that was in the vial?"

"Finished it! I don't seem to remember. Tell me, was I late last night?"

"Pierre says you did not return until after two. I was asleep when you came in."

Raoul started and looked at me strangely.

"How cold it is in this room!" he said; "see how I shiver!" And indeed the hand which he stretched out to me was trembling; when I touched it, however, I found it quite hot.

"You are feverish, my dear fellow," I said to him. "This comes of infrequent dining. Now, this is what I shall do. I shall spend our two remaining francs on something resembling a dinner—oh, yes! I have had breakfast; I shan't want to dine till to-morrow, or the day after! By that time, no doubt, I shall have captured somehow that shyest of all creatures, the five-franc piece. There must be some one still from whom I can borrow."

In spite of Raoul's protests, I had some food and a half-bottle of wine brought from the restaurant over the way. He felt better after this; the headache of which he had complained left him; and he soon began to laugh and talk in his usual manner. But he still complained of feeling weak, and I persuaded him to remain all day in bed.

"Let us begin at the English book, however," he said; "for us time is money, as the English say."

"No, no! We need not begin at that, Raoul! You may say good-by to your translating. The days of your bondage are over—you will never translate again!"

"What in Heaven's name do you mean?"

"Open and read!" I cried, giving him the letter. "There is money, fame—everything! And it has not come a day too soon."

Raoul took the letter; when he saw the words "Odeon Theatre," his face became a shade paler, but his hand was wonderfully steady.

"You are rushing to conclusions, Paul," he said; "this letter is evidently from the administration of the Odeon, but it may not——"

"It can mean only one thing—that the comedy is accepted! Open it at once, for Heaven's sake! Let us know the best or the worst—though, of course, it is the best. I am sure of it."

Raoul smiled and opened the letter. Though he took it more quietly, I knew he was quite as anxious as myself. I watched him as he read; his glance seemed to fly along the lines; a look of satisfaction, almost exultation, came over his face, and I saw that the good news had come. Raoul clasped my hand. "You were right," he said; "the comedy is accepted! Read!"—then sank back nervously on his pillow.

This was the letter:

ODEON THEATRE, Dec. 24, 186—.

"MONSIEUR: In the name of the administration of the Odeon theatre, I have the honour to inform you that your comedy, "The Gold of Toulouse," has been accepted for early representation at the Odeon.

"In my own name, Monsieur, allow me to congratulate you on your work. It is more than amusing; it is brilliant. This is the opinion also of my colleagues who have read it. I desire, Monsieur, to make your acquaintance, and request you to favor me by a visit on an early day.

"Your comedy will be sent almost immediately to rehearsal, and will be put on the stage after the withdrawal of M. Victor's piece, "The Hunting Party." I shall have the honor of intimating to you ere long the day on which you will be requested to send your comedy before the artists to whom the parts will be allotted.

"I subscribe myself, Monsieur, with every assurance of esteem, your very humble, very obedient servant,

"DESNOUETTES, Manager."

I shall not try to describe our proceedings during the next quarter of an hour—or rather I should say my proceedings, for Raoul lay in bed laughing, while I waltzed round the room, hurled the English book into a corner, read the letter aloud with comments, waved it triumphantly aloft, and performed other absurdities; I was, indeed, overjoyed. Raoul was going to be a great man!—he would rival Scribe, Augier, Sardou, those giants of the stage—he would make his way into the charmed circle of the Comedie Francaise! I said all this, which made him laugh more than ever. He begged me to sit down, before Pierre came up stairs to see which of us had gone mad.

"But you are satisfied?" I said to him, sinking at last, out of breath, into a chair. "Does that letter not flatter you sufficiently?"

"Satisfied—I tell you, Paul, this is wonderful! It is one of those things which happen once in half a century. Now that it has happened, I begin to wonder how I could ever have imagined it possible!"

"You must go to M. Desnouettes to-morrow! You must——"

"Ask him for a loan, eh?"

"And why not? He might have advanced you a few napoleons; it is the only omission I notice in his otherwise admirable letter. Money we must have. Who, after this, could go on translating English?"

"I am not going to borrow from M. Desnouettes."

"Very good; there is another way. Give me the letter, and I will turn it into money. Times will change in the Quarter before a man with a comedy accepted by the Odeon needs to starve!"

"By all means take the letter and get the money if you can. And now, like a good fellow, give me pen and paper. I have three lines to write—you can guess to whom."

"Of course. It's a pity we can't spare her the letter, is it not?"

"I will tell her the good news. How it will rejoice her! Last night, after I left you, Paul, I saw her. We talked of this very thing, of the comedy. Like you, Gabrielle never lost faith in it. She has prayed to the Virgin every night that it might be accepted."

"Well, it has been, anyhow. Here, are the pen and paper. Wait one moment while I put some water in this ink; it is almost dry."

Just then there came a knock at the door. It was Pierre who entered.

"It is the coat of M. Girard," he said; "Nannette bids me say that she has done her best, though a tailor would doubtless have been more skillful."

"How, my coat?" said Raoul; "what, then, was the matter with my coat?"

"Monsieur has, then, forgotten?" said the servant; "the sleeve was torn from the wrist right up to the shoulder."

At this moment I had my back turned to Raoul's bed, being engaged at the wash stand in dropping water into the ink bottle. A sudden cry of alarm from Pierre startled me.

"Quick, Monsieur, quick!—he has fainted! My God, he is dead!"

I flew to the bedside. Raoul's face had become of a deathly pallor; his eyes were closed; his lower jaw dropped down; his right arm hung inertly over the bed.

"Gracious heaven!" I cried, in alarm; "what is wrong with him? Quick Pierre, dip this cloth in cold water—then run for brandy—run your fastest! Here is—oh, my God, I have not a sou!"

"Say not a word more, Monsieur! I will hasten—I will fly—I will bring the brandy! Let Monsieur be at ease—there is no need of the money"—and here this paragon of servants had rushed off and down the stairs before I could say a word. I had passed my arm under Raoul's head, and was bathing his brow with the wet cloth. Before Pierre came back he had revived, to my intense relief. He opened his eyes, and looked me wildly in the face. "I had forgotten that!" he said, in a voice quite unlike his own, and with a shudder I could feel.

"Forgotten what, my dear Raoul?" but again his eyes had closed, and his head dropped back on my shoulder.

Pierre returned after a short absence with the brandy. We made Raoul drink some; presently he came out of the second fainting-fit, and looked at us curiously.

"What is wrong?" he said.

"Monsieur has fainted," said Pierre; "Monsieur feels better now, is it not so?"

"The good news has been too much for you, dear Raoul," I said; "you are certainly unwell. Shall I bring a doctor to see you?"

"On no account. I am better now—quite better." The tone in which he said this was very decided. "As you say, it is no doubt the sudden joy that has overwhelmed me. I shall sleep now, and to-morrow I shall be quite recovered."

He seemed disinclined to talk further. I sat beside him, watching, till he fell asleep. There was something in his manner and appearance that puzzled me and made me anxious, for I had never seen Raoul like this before. I began to fear lest this might be the beginning of a serious illness, and yet, on the evening before, at the cafe of La Source, he had seemed to be in his usual health. There was nothing that I knew of weighing on his mind; he had had no quarrel with Gabrielle; the comedy had been accepted. It must, I thought, be the sudden coming of good news, acting on a temperament naturally high-strung." Raoul had a splendid physique. His figure was lithe and slim, like an athlete's; indeed, he had quite a reputation at the gymnasium in the Rue de la Sorbonne. But irregular dining will try the best constitution, and Raoul, like many writing men, was a creature of nerves. In this way, sitting by his bedside, I explained to myself his fainting fit and random words. Soon I saw him slumbering peacefully. This reassured me, and I retired to rest.

(To be continued.)

DOT AND DASH IN SIAM.

An American Telegrapher in Bangkok—What He Thinks of the Country.

[New York World].

Martin J. Dixon, one of the four telegraphers who left this city several months ago to accept situations under the king of Siam, writes from Bangkok, the capital of the kingdom, as follows:

"UNIVERSAL HOTEL, BANGKOK, Siam: I have just returned from a walk, and must confess I am glad to get back once more to this place that we have to call home. Bangkok is a city with a population of about 500,000 people, and such a medley you never saw—Siamese, Chinese, Hindoos, Burmese, Malays, and about 500 Europeans and Americans. There are gorgeous temples, public offices, accommodations for 5,000 soldiers, and room for 3,000 wives and concubines of the king, who has an inclosure all to himself and is never seen.

"There are only two hotels in the place. The houses are mostly built of wood on posts, and many are on rafts on the river Menam, eight and ten houses being sometimes on one raft. There is only one decent street in the city, and that's the dirtiest I have ever seen—the Italian quarter of New York being scrupulously clean in comparison. They have no sanitary regulations, all the filth being left on the streets or dumped into the river, and it's a wonder that the city is as healthy as it is.

"But you ought to see the natives. Phew! I've often wished in New York, when the thermometer was in the nineties, that we could dispense with some unnecessary clothing. The Siamese has reached the height of tropical comfort, for neither males or females wear more than a sash, and to a white man the fashion is revolting. They are a filthy lot, too, paying no regard to cleanliness.

"If one had a constitutional objection to water Bangkok is just the place to come to. Here in the hotel we have good water but some of it is brought by steamer from Hong Kong—somewhere about 1,000 miles. Just now we get some distilled rain water, this being the rainy season, which lasts for three months, the rainfall beginning at 3 p. m. and lasting three hours every day. It is a godsend and cools the air and washes the streets.

"Many Ameri an residents have visited us, and we have received any number of invitations to dinner, but as it is customary to return the invitation, and as living here is expensive, we have had often times to decline the intended kindness with thanks.

"The telegraph business in Siam is very slow. They do about twenty-five messages a month, but rumors say they contemplate great things in the future. We have been here nearly three weeks and have yet done nothing. The Siamese are very slow. I was told of an Englishman named Davidson who was here for two or three years and all he did was to sign the vouchers for his pay.

"I am getting awfully tired of this easy life, and wish, when I go to bed, that I might wake up and find myself in New York or some other part of America. If I ever get back you will not be able to get me out of it with a derrick."

How Switzerland was Wrinkled.

[Scribner's Magazine.]

The inner hot nucleus of the globe (which is not liquid, as the old-fashioned geologists did vainly hold, but solid and rigid) contracts faster than the cooler outside. The cold upper shell therefore falls in upon it more or less continually, and thus, occupying less horizontal space, must necessarily cause great lateral pressure. Imagine for a moment a solid weight of millions upon millions and millions of tons all falling in toward a common centre, and all squeezing sideways the parts about the crack at which the crust of the earth is weakest.

The present structure of the Alps shows us admirably how enormous is the force thus exerted. The solid rocks which compose their surface are twisted and contorted in the most extraordinary way, great groups of strata, once horizontal, being folded over and over each other, exactly as one might fold a carpet in several layers. Professor Heim, of Zurich, has shown by careful measurements that the strata of rock which now go to make up the northern half of the central Alps alone once occupied just twice as much horizontal space as they do at present. The crushing and folding due to the lateral pressure has been powerful enough to wrinkle up the different layers and throw them back upon one another like a blanket doubled over and over in huge folds that often reach from base to summit of lofty mountains, and stretch over whole square miles of the surface of Switzerland.

The Pashas Losing Influence.

The khedive of Egypt says that a marked change has taken place in the relations between the pashas and fellaheen of that country. The power of the former is broken, and their domineering influence is no longer felt as it formerly was.

Two cases of mercurial poisoning from the use of fulminating caps in shooting galleries have been reported.

There are only seventeen states with more people than New York city.

Sidney Averill Society is one great school of dear experience.

Russian proverb: Your elbow is near, but you can not bite it.

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Fastest time ever made from the Coast over the Northern Pacific Railroad to Sioux City, Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Burlington, Quincy, St. Louis, Chicago, and all points throughout the East and Southeast, via St. Paul and Minneapolis.

EMIGRANT SLEEPING CARS

Are hauled on regular express trains over the entire length of the Northern Pacific R. R. Passengers can save $7 to $9 by buying through Eastern tickets from the Victoria Agent. No change of cars.

Leave Portland, going East, at 7 p. m. daily; arrive at Minneapolis or St. Paul 12:30 p. m. (noon) fourth day.

Connections made at St. Paul and Minneapolis to all points East, South and Southeast.

Trains leave Portland for Tacoma at 11:45 p. m. daily, arrive at Tacoma 6.30 p. m., connecting with O. R. and N. Co.'s boats for all points on Puget Sound, arriving in Victoria at 9:30 a. m.

A. D. CHARLTON,
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Robert Irving, Agent,
Victoria.

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COMFORT, PLEASURE — SPEED, CHEAPNESS,

—ALL COMBINED.—

ROBERT IRVING, Agent, Victoria.

CHAS. KENNEDY, Passenger Agent, Portland, Oreg.

Oregon Railway & Navigation Co.

TIME TABLE.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS.

Leaves Victoria at	2:30 a.m.
Arrives at New Tacoma at	4:30 a.m.
Arrives at Portland at	2:30 p.m.
Leaves Portland at	3:00 p.m.

PACIFIC EXPRESS.

Arrives at Portland at	10:20 a.m.
Leaves Portland at	11 a.m.
Arrives at New Tacoma at	6:15 p.m.
Arrives at Victoria at	12 noon.

NOTE—Steamers leave Victoria daily, except Sunday, connecting at Portland with Express trains for the East.

Passengers will leave on regular transport boat which leaves Ash street wharf at 3 p.m. daily. The tickets they hold will secure their transfer.

The Oregon is the only line from Portland to all Eastern points in the United States and Canada.

Call upon or write to

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Office—C. P. N. Co.'s building, Wharf street.
C. H. PRESCOTT, Manager.
JOHN MUIR, Traffic Manager. JOHN J. BYRNE, Gen. Pass'r & Ft Agt.
General Offices—Corner Front and D streets Portland, Oregon. oct30

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Among a few of the numerous points of superiority enjoyed by the patrons of this road between Omaha and Chicago, are its two trains a day of DAY COACHES, which are the finest that human art and ingenuity can create; its PALACE SLEEPING CARS, which are models of comfort and elegance; its PARLOR DRAWING ROOM CARS, unsurpassed by any; and its widely celebrated PALATIAL DINING CARS, the equal of which cannot be found elsewhere.

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For Detroit, Columbus, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Niagara Falls, Buffalo Pittsburg, Toronto, Montreal, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and all points in the East ask the Ticket Agent for tickets via the

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Suits for Young and Old to suit all tastes. Comfortable Overcoats at all prices. Underwear of all grades and lowest prices. Hats, Caps, Mitts, Gloves, Ties, Socks, Shirts, Trunks, Umbrellas, and Valises. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

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FOLDING CHAIRS—a beautiful assortment just received—Covered, Carpet, Velvet and Plush.
Curtain Poles, Walnut, Ebony or Ash; Decorated Opaque Window Shades. New Style Portia Window Curtains; CARPETS, a great variety all kinds. WALL PAPERS, with artistic decorations; Mouldings, Mirrors, Blankets, Perambulators, Upholstery Goods.

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Decorated Toilet Sets, latest styles, just opened; Majolica Ware, an immense variety just opened; Polka Dot and Fancy Glassware; Rich Gold Library Lamps and Chandeliers, with prisms; Cutlery, John Russel's celebrated; Plated Ware, Vases, Fancy Goods.

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FROM VICTORIA FOR	MONDAY.	TUESDAY.	WED'SDAY.	THURSDAY.	FRIDAY.	SATURD
Ladner's & New Westminster	7 A.M.	.....	7 A.M.	.....	7 A.M.	.....
Port Hammond	7 A.M.	.....	.....	.....	7 A.M.	.....
Plumper Pass	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 A.M.	.....
Gravy le Moody'le, Pt Moody	.....	7 A.M.	.....	7 A.M.	.....	.....
Chilliwhack	7 A.M.	.....	.....	.....	7 A.M.	.....
Yale	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

NOTE—In event of steamers not being able to reach Port Hammond, freight for points in the Inlet or will be delivered at Port Moody.

No freight will be received after 5 p. m.

JNO. IRVING, Manager.

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THE JAMES BAY COAL YARD

Is selling Coal at the following rates per ton

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FULL WEIGHT GUARANTED

Wood, either cut or full length.

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Price $7 per Ton of 2,000 Pounds

The Coal will be hand picked and delivered in sacks of 100 lbs. each. Orders should be sent to the Company at Nanaimo, and to prevent delay should be accompanied by Post Office Order or Cheque.

The Coal will be delivered at the consumer's residence or place of business within two days of receipt of advice.

nov 6 SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Supt.

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Vancouver Coal Company's SOUTHFIELD COAL,

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SPECIAL NOTICE!—Steamer Zealandia, for Honolulu and Sydney direct, will sail January 27 at 2 p.m., taking freight and passengers.

N.B.—This steamer does not call at Auckland, New Zealand.

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Notices.

PRIVATE BILL.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next session of the Legislature of the Province of British Columbia, T. B. H. Cochrane and James Brady intend to apply for an Act granting them a lease for the term of twenty-five years of the unworked and abandoned mining ground on Findlay Creek in the District of Kootenay, such lease to include the bench, bar, dry and hill diggings for 500 feet on either side of the said stream and the beds of the stream, and to extend from the first forks or south branch of said creek three miles below and five miles above the same, including the tributaries thereto, and with power to the said T. B. H. Cochrane and James Brady to erect dams and construct ditches and flumes on the said creek and its tributaries.

EBERTS & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for Applicants.

Dated Victoria, B. C., 30th December, 1885. dec31

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing, equipping and maintaining Gas Works, and supplying gas to consumers at the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Coal Harbor and English Bay, New Westminster District, and of doing all acts and things requisite or convenient for effecting the purposes aforesaid.

Dated 16th December, 1885.

J. ROLAND HETT,
Langley street, Victoria,
dec19 Solicitor for the Applicants.

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1870."

Lot No. 402, Group. 1 Kamloops Division of Yale District.

WHEREAS the Certificate of Title of Joseph Blackburn Greaves, of Chapron Lake, Province of British Columbia, to the above mentioned lot, bearing date the 2nd day of June, 1881, has been destroyed, and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate; Notice is hereby hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within one month from the date hereof.

CHAS. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, 12th January 1886. jan13 1m

Notice

ALL THOSE INDEBTED TO THE FIRM of Calibreth, Grant & Cook, Cassiar, are requested to call on the undersigned at the office of Mr. R. Lippsett, second door from the Telegraph office, Victoria, to settle their indebtedness, or legal steps will be taken to collect the same.

JOHN GRANT.

Vict., B. C., Dec. 3rd, 1884. dec3 tf

Notice.

DURING my absence in California Frank Campbell holds my power of attorney.

P. MURPHY,
Adelphi Saloon.

October 3rd, 1885 oct3

Notice

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, more or less, situated on the north side of Thurlow Island, opposite Loughborough Inlet Coast District, and described as follows:

Commencing at stake about 40 chains from coast and run east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

T. D. MERRILL.

January 25th, 18 6. jan26 law 2m

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, more or less, situated on Hornfray Channel, Coast District, and described as follows:

Commencing at a stake on the coast and about 2 miles from S.W. end of said channel and running east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

T. D. MERRILL.

January 25, 1886. jan26 law 2m

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Langley Street, Victoria.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Tuesday, Feb. 9, 1886.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—The school trustees meet to-night.

—Don't fail to read the advertisement of the Victoria House.

—Some people do not know that RAND BROS.' Victoria office is on Fort St.

—If you want a modern building, have your plans made by Fisher the Architect.

—Mr. T. Davie opens the political ball in Victoria. He will address the electors to-morrow night at Philharmonic Hall.

—Patsy LeLievre lost the one mile roller race for $100 a side with the San Francisco champion.

—The charge against Sergt. Shepherd has been dismissed, and that officer has been reinstated, without loss of time.

—The Geo. W. Elder arrived from San Francisco this morning. She brought 527 tons of freight, 101 tons of which was for Victoria, and the balance for Sound ports.

—The Chinese gamblers were fined $20 each to-day, and an order was made for the confiscation of the articles used for gambling. A "lawyer's companion," from San Francisco, procured the money and paid the fines. The police having commenced the job of cleaning out these illegal dens, should continue at it until the last one has been suppressed.

CHICKEN STEALING.

The premises of Mr. Patrick, near Finlayson's bridge, were visited by chicken thieves last night, and about a dozen hens and one goose carried off. The police were not able to make an arrest. Mr. Snider, resident in Spring Ridge, was still more unfortunate, as he lost thirty-six of his feathered bipeds last night. The Chinese thieves did not have the fear of Councillor Robertson before their eyes, as that gentleman lives close by.

"STRICTLY BUSINESS."

At the New Market Theatre the C. B. Bishop Comedy Co. appeared in Strictly Business before a large audience and kept all in a continuous roar of laughter. All the parts were well sustained by the different members of the company. "Strictly Business" and "Widow Bedott" we are inclined to think will hold the boards for some time. They open here in the Victoria on Friday evening next.

SPECIAL MEETING.

The Council held a special meeting last night to consider the new regulations prepared by the Police Committee for the government of the police force. They were considered clause by clause and after being fully discussed and amended were remitted to a future meeting for rattification and adoption.

POLICE COURT.

(Before Mr. E. Johnson, S. M.)

Ah Jim, supplying an Indian with liquor, pleaded guilty, and was fined $50 or three months.

Jack, an Indian, in possession of liquor. Prisoner pleaded guilty and was fined $25 or two months.

The four Chinamen arrested some days ago and convicted of playing Stan-tan, were each fined $20 or two months. The gambling tools were ordered to be destroyed.

Willis Bond, charged with stealing three loads of gravel from the property of the Corporation, Fairfield Road. F. J. Bishop deposed that on the 3rd of February, he saw Mr. Bond's man, with a load of gravel on the Fairfield Road. He told him that he should not have taken it as he was undermining Mr. Truteh's fence, and the corporation did not permit gravel to be taken from that place. The driver came back and took a second load away, which he dumped at the corner of Richardson street, because his horses could not pull the load up the hill. Adjourned till Friday.

Moses R. Robins, using threatening language against Jennet Snedden, on the 6th inst., by saying that "if she put her foot on the sidewalk he would shoot her." The complainant, a widow who lives on Chatham street, has been visited by the defendant, in a friendly way, for several years, but a "lovers' quarrel" ensued and the above threat used. The court ordered the defendant to find two sureties of $50 each to keep the peace for six months.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. Philip Meagher, formerly bookkeeper in the TIMES office, was a passenger by the Geo. W. Elder to-day. Since leaving Victoria he has been in the employ of Easton & Eldridge, San Francisco, and is now on his way to Seabeck, to take charge of Adams & Co.'s store there. Mr. Meagher is—his friends here will be glad to learn—on the high road to prosperity.

FOR FRISCO.

The Queen arrived from Seattle and left for San Francisco at ten o'clock last night with the following cabin passengers from Victoria: Captain John Irving and wife, C H King, wife and children, J Dassonville, C W R Thompson, W C Ward and wife, Jas Pala, M Lenz, Mr C Conley, Dr Hickey and wife, Jas McArthur, R Broderick, J A Laidlaw and wife, J Taylor, H S Flod, E A Peat, F Ehrenpfort, John Coughlan.

The Turco-Bulgarian agreement confirms the appointment of Prince Alexander as permanent Governor of Eastern Roumelia, and provides for mutual help to repel foreign invasion, and give Turkey control of some Mussulman villages in Roumelia by means of a commission appointed under the sanction of Prince Alexander. In other respects the agreement is drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Berlin treaty.

A blind boy preacher, 16 years old, is causing some excitement at Raleigh. A week ago he told his father that he had received a divine command to preach the Gospel, and would be made blind for a period of some days. On Wednesday, January 13, he was smitten with blindness.

Says Charles Reade in *The Coming Man*: "A short-hand writer who can type-write his notes, would be safer from poverty than a Greek scholar." Therefore he advises all parents to have their boys and girls taught short-hand writing and type-writing.

MR. MEREDITH, leader of the Ontario opposition, believes the rebellion has done the country good. He will probably admit, however, that 200 lives and $85,000,000 was a high figure to pay for any benefit it may have conferred.

A BERLIN inventor has got up a musical sewing machine, which turns out tunes as fast as work. This is a combination as novel as it is agreeable, and it suggests besides endless cases where the din of machinery may thus be made pleasant.

THE NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS—"Coca" or Rosary Beads and Dagger. Just received at the CITY HOUSE.

INDIAN CASHMERES.—New all Wool Dress Fabric 44 inches wide. Just received at the CITY HOUSE.

OVERDRAFT, $140,808

In answer to a question put by Mr. BEAVEN the Minister of Finance to-day stated in the House that on the 31st December last there was an overdraft at the Bank of British Columbia of $140,808.33. This is startling news, and indicates a condition of finances truly alarming. It will be in order for the government to explain upon what authority they have received this large amount from the bank.

In answer to the same gentleman it was stated that the total amount received for land sales for the six months of last year was $29,832.55. The estimate of the former Finance Minister was $200,000 for the year! Only twenty-five per cent. of the amount estimated has been received. The bunglers now at the helm of affairs are fast bringing the province into a political quagmire from which it will take years to raise it. How long is this deplorable incompetency to continue?

THE LEGISLATURE.

The House was occupied all afternoon in answering questions, which are unavoidably held over until to-morrow. The County Court Bill was passed, the act respecting reservation of Points of Law in Criminal cases was referred to a special committee composed of the five legal gentleman in the House, and the act to consolidate the statutes was postponed. The House then adjourned until 2 p. m. on Monday.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

NUTS FOR MR. THEO. DAVIE TO CRACK.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—Is it necessary for the people of this province to have three brothers enjoying and drawing from the public teat to the tune of $5,000 to $10,000 per year direct pay, leaving out the perquisites of office? Can he, or does he, intend again to pose as an anti-Chinese advocate, while he is in receipt of more pay from Chinese cases than any other lawyer in the city? Chinamen do not deal with consistent anti-Chinese opponents, as shown by their system of boycotting in San Francisco and elsewhere. At the last general election he would do wonders if he got into the House. This he certainly did, he made hare-brained attacks on the lawyers and impose heavy fees on the poor creature that was unfortunate enough to get into their clutches! More doses are in store for him after he has prevaricated a little (?) in trying to get round the questions asked. I have better medicine for him than his brother ever prepared.

VOTER.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—On March 2nd, 1885, on the floor of the House Hon. John Robson, the then Minister of Finance, stated that "the sources of revenue are not yet adequate to the requirements of the country." In the face of such a statement what just excuse can the ministry give for adding to the taxpayer's burden by increasing the salaries paid to officials from $96,240.78 in 1... to $114,739.94 in 1885, yet with these truths before it the *Colonist* has imaginary assets that are only to be found, if found at all, in the pockets of the ministers in the shape of enormous sums allowed themselves while on pleasure trips and election tours at the country's expense. The Provincial Treasury is empty and the sooner the hard-working taxpayer is made acquainted with that fact the better. If the morning organ will adhere to the truth he will be doing the residents of this province justice by admitting the true state of affairs. As has been stated frequently before, the expenditure during the last two years had exceeded the revenue by $200,000. Stick to revenue and expenditure, Mr *Colonist*, for as far as assets are concerned every acre of government land, not already given away, is an asset, and even if you want to argue assets to the public against expenditures, you will find yourself in a far worse position, for the simple fact the public domain has been nearly all squandered since the advent of the present misrule.

ECONOMIST.

STRANGE ANOMALIES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—What strange spectacles are reflected in human inconsistencies. With the boiling of soup for the indigent, arises the din of rejoicing, the firing of crackers and never ending fusillade of guns and rockets. Poor heathens as they may be termed, enjoying the traditional customs of their country, and dancing at the expense of Christian sympathy extended in their favor. What strange beings Christians are sometimes, and how very peculiarly they endeavor to carry out their charitable aims. During the invasion of the country by Chinese, scarcely a voice was raised from any pulpit in the Province condematory of the act, but, on the contrary, it was regarded by our clergymen as a divine opportunity for converting them to the Christian faith. Thousands of white men, many with their families, were driven ruthlessly from the Province, yea driven from their own race and country by another alien to our customs, manners and interests. No powerful voice was raised, in their behalf further than to introduce sham legislation to catch ignorant votes. No soup kitchens were started, nor government requested to defray the cost of sending our countrymen to their homes. Oh, No! The poor in large cities may rot and die under their noses without aid, whilst the heathen, happy in his present state, must be brought under the influence of a religion of force and mystery; in fact subjected to many beliefs which its teachers cannot intelligently explain nor prove. What a sad commentary on human action governed by prejudices, and influenced by vanity, egotism, and desire for popularity? When white men were almost starving, Chinese were prosperous. Now employment is scarce, they must accept the penalty. It is their turn to starve, not ours to feed them. The responsibility if any, rests solely on those who brought them and on those who have benefitted by them, chiefly contractors and lawyers. Place the crime on the shoulders of the guilty only.

CITIZEN.

Victoria, Feb. 9th, 1886.

The rich have their days of worry and gloom the same as the rest of us. It is calculated that Cornelius Vanderbilt "cannot safely count on making more than $260,000,000 in thirty-six years." But he should not let that depressing fact bow him down with a weight of woe. Some of us cannot safely count on making that much in 36,000,000 years.

(Continued from 1st page.)

Mr. Semlin said after the remarks of the Premier it was no wonder that the opposition should be jealous of their rights. It would appear that every committee offered by the House was objected to and feared by the government. If there was nothing wrong in the adminstration of the lands, it was not creditable to the government that it should oppose every effort of the opposition to gain information.

Mr. T. Davie made a "political" speech, and a general attack on the opposition, without once referring to the subject under debate.

Mr. Helgesen pointed out that the leader of the government had lost control of his supporters. He was willing to name three and allow the other side to name two members of the committee, but a few of his followers cried out for the "ballot" and he had changed his mind. He would not beg the government for his rights, and if they wished to depart from the time honored usages in appointing committees, they could do so and thereby they would cast a reflection on themselves.

Mr. McLeese said it was quite easy to show that the government did use force. It was pretty well understood that a number of the government supporters had expressed themselves as dissatisfied with the government, but since they have come here it was found that they would not vote against them—because they were afraid the government would not do justice to their districts. There were a number of points which the committee could clear up, and it was most necessary that it should be appointed.

Honorable J. Robson made a political harangue, evidently having forgotten what the motion was.

Mr. J. Grant said it was a matter of no consequence to the members of the opposition what the member for Victoria (T. Davie) thought of them. They were all known to the country, by whom they would be judged apart from anything that gentleman might say of them. It was quite apparent that the government allowed themselves to be driven by their supporters. On every movement made by the opposition to get information, they were met by a solid vote of eighteen against them. It was a remarkable coincidence that this should occur so often. He did not think that a majority of either side of the House—government or opposition—would give a partizan report.

The resolution was agreed to and the Hon. Mr. Smithe finally conceding the right of the opposition to nominate two, the following committee was appointed: Messrs. Pooley, Martin, T. Davie, Semlin and Beaven.

Mr. T. Davie moved, Mr. John seconded, that the name of Mr. Orr be added to the Private Bills committee. Carried.

House adjourned until 2 p. m. to-day.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

Mr. T. Davie will move on Wednesday that a committee, consisting of Messrs. Martin, Orr, Helgesen and the mover, be appointed to enquire into the claim of Thomas Pamphlet for carrying stone for the graving dock.

Mr. Galbraith will move on Wednesday next, that an order of the House be granted for a copy of the final agreement entered into by the government with W. Baillie-Grohman in connection with the Kootenay colonization and reclamation scheme.

Mr. Galbraith will move on Friday next, that a select committee be appointed to enquire into the binding of the journals and statutes for 1885, said committee to be composed of Messrs. Martin, Raybould, Cunningham, Semlin and the mover.

Mr. Raybould will move that a polling place may be established at a convenient point in the district of Alberni and that the said district be included in the electoral district of Nanaimo.

Mr. Grant on Wednesday next will ask leave to introduce a bill entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of Dentistry in the Province of British Columbia."

Mr. Orr will move on Wednesday for copies of all correspondence, orders in council, maps and papers between the Crown Colony government and the admiralty, the Dominion government, or any person in their behalf, in respect to the government or naval reserve at English Bay, together with a copy of the lease or license granted to Jeremiah Rodgers for the purpose of cutting timber on said reserve.

Mr. Beaven will move on Wednesday for a return showing all correspondence and public business transactions between the government of British Columbia, or any of its members, or any one acting in their behalf and James Cunningham, M. P. P., since he was elected a member of this Assembly, with a list of goods supplied by him, work done, contracts made, prices paid, or to be paid, for the same. Also a statement of any contracts with the government to which said James Cunningham became a bondsman.

Mr. Beaven will move on Wednesday that this House is of opinion that a detailed statement of expenditure from the first of July to the 31st of December, 1885, as far as brought to account at the treasury department under heads of account: VII. Administration of Justice. IX. Transport. XII. Public Works, with names of employees, or pay lists, rate per diem, number of days employed, amount paid to each person. XIII. Miscellaneous, should be printed and placed before the members before the estimates for 1886 and 1887 are considered.

Mr. T. Davie will ask leave on Wednesday to introduce a bill, entitled, "An Act relating to the Attachment of Debts."

Mr. Robson will move the following: Whereas in an Act passed by this House in December, 1883, entitled, "An Act relating to the Island Railway, the Graving Dock, and the Railway Lands of the Province, it was enacted *inter alia* that 'the government of Canada shall with convenient speed offer for sale the lands within the railway belt upon the mainland, upon liberate terms to actual settlers," and whereas little or nothing has yet been done towards carrying out the above recited obligation, and the lands referred to are still for the most part practically locked up against purchase or settlement, and whereas actual settlers who entered upon some of these lands in good faith, are still unable to obtain patents to which they are justly entitled and are by reason of long delay and uncertainty of their holdings greatly discouraged and hindered in their legitimate operations, be it resolved that an humble address be presented to His Honor the Lieut.-Governor, praying His Honor to represent to the Dominion government the disastrous effects of the delay and uncertainty complained of, and to urge upon the said government the duty and importance of carrying out the spirit and letter of their agreement, by throwing the lands open to actual settlers with all possible speed, and, also by issuing without further delay, patents for such of these lands as may be bona fide occupied by actual settlers.

QUESTION.

Mr. Allen will ask: Has J. F. Smith, now holding the position of teacher of the Clinton school, ever been examined since his appointment in August, 1880?

TUESDAY, Feb. 9.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 p. m.

Prayers were offered by Rev. Mr. Percival.

PETITIONS.

The Speaker filed the petition of Mr. J. C. Mollett, presented yesterday, as out of order, and could not be received.

Hon. Mr. Robson presented papers relating to the question of the ownership of the precious metals within the railway belt.

RAILWAY LANDS.

Mr. Beaven moved, seconded by Mr. Orr, That a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, requesting him to cause to be sent down to the House copies of all orders-in-council, correspondence and papers, not already brought down and printed, touching the surrender or definition of the claims of the Dominion upon any of the mainland railway lands in British Columbia, or touching any change as to the relation of the Dominion and British Columbia in reference to such railway lands. He said that a return of this kind was very necessary. It was intimated last session that it was the intention to relinquish their claims to lands at Fort Moody. If that were the only document that the government had binding the Dominion government to that course, it is obvious that we are dealing with lands that don't belong to the province. He had always held that the House was committing a grave mistake in passing the settlement act and he questioned if the country realized what the government were then giving up, especially in regard to the railway lands on the mainland. After the Onderdonk contract had been let, there was transferred to the Dominion government, in trust, alternate blocks of land similar in extent to what had been set apart for that purpose in Manitoba and the Northwest territories. But this government, in 1884, in passing the Settlement Act, had surrendered the right of the province to each alternate block within the railway belt. His object in moving for the return was to ascertain if the course adopted in surrendering these valuable lands was legal and right.

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JAMES RUSSELL has opened his new Store on Douglas street, near Maynard's Photograph Gallery, and is now prepared to supply the public with all kinds of Scotch pastry, Buns, Cakes &c. Also Sausages and Puddings, Mutton Pies, and Tea and Coffee. Orders received for Christmas and New Year's cakes and buns.

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Personal inspection and reports of Coal Harbor lands, made on application, contracts for clearing land negotiated and superintended. Large lists of most central properties and plans of townsite on application. Parties living at a distance buying through us will have the advantage of our personal inspection and report. Intending investors should come to Vancouver, when we will take pleasure in driving them over the principal roads and showing them over the townsite. We have established a free reading room for use of strangers and shall be glad if all such will make use of same on arrival here. Correspondence solicited.

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GOSNELL'S SUGAR CUREDHAMS

are now ready at his store, corner Cormorant and Douglas streets.

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—Buy your real estate through RAND BRO.; offices at Victoria, New Westminster and Vancouver (Coal Harbor.)

MRS. V. A. LEPRISCE, Fashionable Dressmaking, late of San Francisco. Cutting and fitting a specialty. Government street, up stairs, next to new Bank of B. C.

The beginning of 1886 finds Rand Bros. with offices at Victoria, New Westminster and Coal Harbor. Parties desiring investments will do well to consult them.

—That valuable preparation called the Gum Tree (Eucalyptus) Cough Syrup—that does not make you sick at the stomach, is for sale by Langley & Co., Victoria, sole agents.

—No room can be considered as well furnished unless supplied with one of those NEW and STYLISH FENDERS, on view and for sale at A. & W. Wilson's, Fort street.

—Merchants who desire to cater for the upper country trade should advertise in the WEEKLY TIMES; cheap rates and largest circulation.

Artistic Binding executed in this Province ONLY by R. T. Williams; and out of the Province by the other Binder, assisted by un-British Nepotism of the present Local Government.

NEW TO-DAY.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

G. K. BEEDE.....Manager.

Great Attraction!!

Friday and Saturday, Feb. 12 and 13

Engagement of the celebrated Comedian

C. B. BISHOP,

And an excellent Comedy Company, in

"Strictly Business."

Prices as usual. Seats now on sale at Waitt's Book Store.
J. F. PICKERING,
feb8 Local Manager.

NEW TO-DA

For Fort Simpson, and Way Ports.

CARRYING HER MAJESTY'S MAILS.

THE FINE NEW SCREW STEAMER

"Barbara Boscowitz,"

Will sail from Spratt's Wharf

ON MONDAY, FEB. 15,

In the evening.

For freight or passage, apply to

jan22 CAPT. J. D. WARREN.

For San Francisco.

Carrying H. M. Mails and Wells, Fargo & Co.'s and Northern Pacific Express.

The Pacific Coast Steamship Co.'s Steamer

Geo. W. Elder,

Will sail from Victoria wharf, outer harbor, for San Francisco on

Monday, February 15, at Noon,

Intending Shippers are requested to make arrangements for Freight as early as possible, so that room may be reserved for their shipments.

Freight for shipment by her is required to be on the wharf of the undersigned by 6 o'clock P. M., on Saturday, Feb. 13.

For Freight and Passage apply to

WELCH, RITHET & CO.,
feb6 Agents.

COMMERCE HOUSE

Remnants! Remnants!

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, February 10th, 11th and 12th.

Great Clearance Sale

OF REMNANTS.

REMNANTS—Dress Goods, Silks, Satins, Ginghams, Prints, Calicos, Linens, Cretonnes, Flannels, Sheetings, Tickings, Muslins.

Also a Cheap Line of Cut and WOOLLEN HOSIERY will be cleared at a great sacrifice.

Come early and secure bargains.

D. SPENCER, Commerce House.
feb8 tt

Mortgagee's Sale.

I am instructed by the Mortgagees to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

At the Salesroom, Yates Street,

On Saturday, the 13th inst.,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON.

THE SCREW STEAMER

"Barbara Boscowitz,"

As she now lies at Spratt's Wharf. The steamer is of the following dimensions: Length 119 feet, beam 22 feet, depth of hold 10 feet, with a registered tonnage of 239 tons.

A list of the articles belonging to the vessel can be seen at the office of the Auctioneer or on board the steamer, on and after Saturday next.

W. R. CLARKE,
feb5 Auctioneer.

J. H. CUTTER

Bourbon Whiskey,

Case and Bulk.

R. C. JANION

STORE STREET.

THEATER ROYAL!

THE above Theatre is fitted up in first class style and can be rented at any time at a reasonable price for

Meetings, Fairs, Shows, &c.,

By applying to the undersigned.

T. D. CYRS, Prop.

Jan. 19-1mo.

For Sale or Barter,

Two Handsome High Grade Bull Calves, until March 1st, 1886, aged 5 and 7 months.

Some young half-broke Horses.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

Seed Oats.
Wheat.
2 tons Potatoes.
500 Cedar Posts, 7 feet long.

W. F. PIDEMIR,
feb8 Cloverdale, Victoria District.

THE COLONIST BUILDING

Stove, Grate and Scale

WAREHOUSE.

SPECIAL NOTICE to Steamboat owners, Ship Builders and others:

Orders taken at very reasonable rates for Coppersmith's Work, Plumbing, Tinware, etc.

jan29 1m A. GOWAN.

TO LET,

A 50 ACRE FIELD

FOR PASTURAGE. Laid down to grass; four miles from town.

Apply on the premises to

WM. FOOTE
Northwood Farm,
jan29 d&w 3w Saanich Road

REMNANT SALE

AT DENNY'S

VICTORIA HOUSE,

WILL COMMENCE TO-MORROW MORNING.

At the same time will be offered for sale a splendid lot of this season's DOLMAN'S, JACKETS and ULSTERS; also, the ENTIRE STOCK of Trimmed and Untrimmed HATS and BONNETS at COST for CASH.

feb9 tf

THE GREAT

ANNUAL DISCOUNT SALE!

OF

Boots and Shoes

STARTED THIS DAY IN FULL BLAST.

C. H. MAYNARD.

LEVI THE TAILOR

Offers the balance of his Chinchilla Goods at the Lowest Prices.

Chinchilla Coats and Vests, which were formerly offered at $40, now offered at $27.50.

Pants that were $10 now made for $8; $8 Pants now made for $6.

The Finest Patterns in the Market!

LEVI THE TAILOR means business, and makes this offer for 30 days only.

☞ Come and see for yourselves.

LEVI THE TAILOR,

37 Johnson Street.

jan23

Pianofortes!
Pianofortes!
Pianofortes!

Chappell & Co.'s Iron Framed Double Overstrung, Oblique Pianofortes, 7 Octaves, Trichord Check Action.

We have recently opened out a new lot of the above, in Rosewood, Walnut and Ebonized and Gilt Frames.

To close out the consignment, we now offer the above

Superb Instruments!

At a large Discount off regular prices.

Intending purchasers can thus obtain a first-class Piano at bargain prices.

Call and see the Chappell Pianofortes at our Warerooms.

A. B. GRAY & CO.

Wharf Street, Victoria.
feb5 d&w 1w

WALL PAPER.
WALL PAPER.
WALL PAPER.

11,700 ROLLS WALL PAPER and Borders to match, just received ex "Harvest House."

The above comprise CHOICE PATTERNS, in qualities ranging from Cheapest to Finest Descriptions.

—ALSO.—

Wall Lining Cotton.

For sale at lowest prices.

A. B. GRAY & CO.,

Wharf Street, Victoria.
feb5 d&w 1w

The Acme Self-Basting Roaster.

Free Use on Trial for Two Days.

CALL AND GET ONE AT COWAN'S Hardware Store, Government street, next to the Colonist office. Price $3.50. Will roast 25 lbs. There is no necessity of having to get meat without juice or flavor. No need of getting on your knees to baste your meat. It will take care of itself.

J. H. HANSON & CO., Proprietors.
P. O. Box 82, Victoria. jan21 2m

Notice.

FINLAYSON BRIDGE WILL BE CLOSED for traffic until the necessary repairs now being made, are completed.

By order of the Mayor and Council.

JAMES D. ROBERTS,
C. M. C.

City Hall, 4th February, 1886. feb5 tf

IMPORTANT!

We have just received a large stock of the following, which will be disposed of at our usual low prices:

Butchers'	Straw	Wrapping.
Bakers'	do.	do.
Grocers'	do.	do.

We guarantee the above full weight and 400 sheets to ream.

Hardware	Brown	Wrapping.
Grocers'	do.	do.
Drapers'	do.	do.

Different sizes and weights, 60 to 480 sheets to ream.

MANILLA PAPERS,

In nearly all weights, and sizes; run full 480 sheets to ream.

PAPER BAGS.

Don't forget, we control the only Factory that makes the Patent Square Bottom Bag in Canada. Our Paper Bags are uniform size, and we warrant them full count. Our 1885's mean 1000, not 950.

Our goods are exactly what we represent. If found different we will pay freight both ways to have them returned.

Blank Books,

—AND ALL—

OFFICE SUPPLIES

Drawing Papers, &c.,

Are our specialties and we are prepared to quote bottom prices.

J. B. Ferguson & Co.,

Government Street.

MRS. ARNOLD,

Nurse and Accoucher.

CALLS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Address P. O. Box 170. jan30 2m